



Design and Analysis
of Algorithms I

Linear-Time Selection

Randomized
Selection (Analysis)

Running Time of RSelect

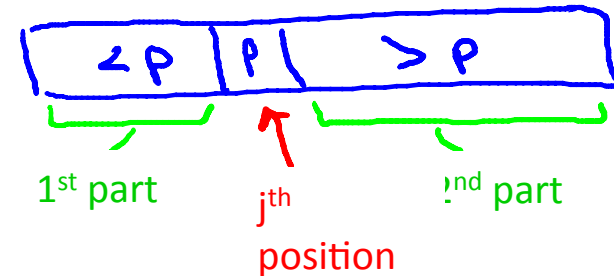
Rselect Theorem: for every input array of length n , the average running time of Rselect is $O(n)$

- holds for every input [no assumptions on data]
- “average” is over random pivot choices made by the algorithm

Randomized Selection

Rselect (array A, length n, order statistic i)

- 0) if $n = 1$ return $A[1]$
- 1) Choose pivot p from A uniformly at random
- 2) Partition A around p
let j = new index of p
- 3) If $j = i$, return p
- 4) If $j > i$, return $\text{Rselect}(\text{1}^{\text{st}} \text{ part of } A, j-1, i)$
- 5) [if $j < i$] return $\text{Rselect}(\text{2}^{\text{nd}} \text{ part of } A, n-j, i-j)$



Proof I: Tracking Progress via Phases

Note : Rselect uses $\leq cn$ operations outside of recursive call [for some constant $c > 0$] [from partitioning]

Notation : Rselect is in phase j if current array size between $(\frac{3}{4})^{j+1} \cdot n$ and $(\frac{3}{4})^j \cdot n$

$-X_j$ = number of recursive calls during phase j

Note : running time of RSelect $\leq \sum_{\text{phases } j} X_j \cdot c \cdot (\frac{3}{4})^j \cdot n$

of phase j subproblems

\leq array size during phase j

Work per phase j subproblem

Proof II: Reduction to Coin Flipping

X_j = # of recursive calls during phase j \rightarrow Size between $(\frac{3}{4})^{j+1} \cdot n$
and $(\frac{3}{4})^j \cdot n$

Note : if Rselect chooses a pivot giving a 25 – 75 split (or better) **then current phase ends !**
(new subarray length at most 75 % of old length)



Recall : probability of 25-75 split or better is 50%

So : $E[X_j] \leq$ expected number of times you need to flip a fair coin
to get one “heads”
(heads ~ good pivot, tails ~ bad pivot)

Proof III: Coin Flipping Analysis

Let N = number of coin flips until you get heads.
(a “geometric random variable”)

Note : $E[N] = 1 + (1/2) * E[N]$

1st coin flip Probability of tails # of further coin flips needed in this case

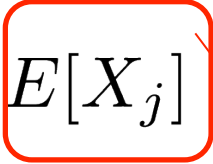
Solution : $E[N] = 2$ (Recall $E[X_j] \leq E[N]$)

Putting It All Together

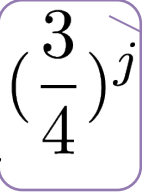
Expected
running time of
RSelect

$$\leq E[cn \sum_{\text{phase } j} (\frac{3}{4})^j X_j] \quad (*)$$

$$= cn \sum_{\text{phase } j} (\frac{3}{4})^j E[X_j] \quad [\text{LIN EXP}]$$

 = E[# of coin flips N] = 2

$$\leq 2cn \sum_{\text{phase } j} (\frac{3}{4})^j$$

 geometric sum,
≤ 1/(1-3/4) = 4

$$\leq 8cn = O(n)$$

Q.E.D.